

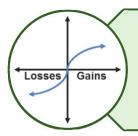
Non-Technical Barriers to EE Technology Adoption in Data Center

December 14, 2021 Nichole Hanus, Ph.D.





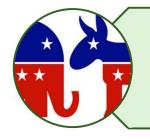
Actors are influenced by more than money and engineering solutions



Behavioral Economics_[1]



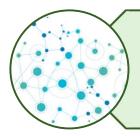
Economic Sociology_[2]



Social Psychology_[3,4]



Situational Factors_[5,6]



Social Networks_[7-9]

We should draw on EE decision-making literature for individuals and organizations

Individuals

- Theory of Planned Behavior [10,11]
 - Beliefs and attitudes
 - Behavior change in question
- Information Deficit Model [12,13]
 - Framing
 - Closing value-action gap
- Theory of Motivated Reasoning [14,15]
 - Biased information processing
 - Mitigating cognitive dissonance

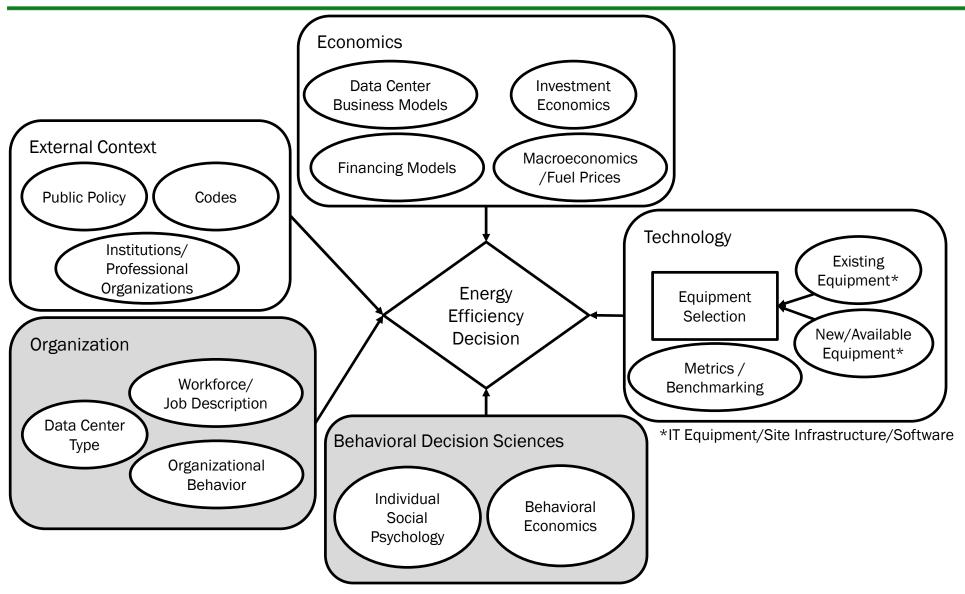
Organizations

- Capital Investment Theory [16-18]
 - Capital budgeting tools
 - Hidden/transaction costs
- Organizational Behavior Theory [19-22]
 - Power relationships
 - Organizational energy culture
 - EE investment link to core business
- The Center of Expertise for Energy Efficiency in Data Centers (CoE) is completing a two-phase program of research for identifying key behavioral/organizational barriers
- Phase I: Literature Review
 - 87 documents identified and reviewed, including academic publications, DOE/National Lab Reports, & professional organization materials (e.g. ASHRAE)
 - 26 unique journals including Science, Nature, Applied Energy, Energy Efficiency, and Energy Research and Social Science

Overview of Components to Energy Efficiency Decision-Making in Data Centers



Components to EE Decision-Making



High-Level Definitions

External Context

- Influences outside of the organization that directly or indirectly affect energy efficiency (EE) decisions within the organization
- Examples: Federal and state goals, DCEP, and Energy Act of 2020

Economics

- Influences can be both internal and external and are related to project budgeting and benefitting parties
- Examples: Capital constraints, utility incentives, fuel prices, and split incentives

Technology

- These include the decision-maker's existing technology conditions and available options for new technologies, as well as the metrics and benchmarking available
- Examples: Discrepancies in PUE definitions, issues measuring energy consumption, and technology availability

Organization

- Influences related to the organization's structure and data center type
- Examples: Corporate social responsibility, dedicated sustainability team, and trained data center operators

Behavior Decision Sciences

- Influences from the decision-maker's own set of individual differences and decision-making heuristics
- Examples: Attitudes towards energy efficiency, uncertainty and perceived risk, and time discounting

Organizational Drivers and Barriers

Drivers	Barriers
System Efficiency Design and Operation Focus [23]	Lack of EE Champion [28,29]
Aligning Practice with Values [24,25]	Emphasis on Uptime and Reliability [30]
Meet CSR Goals, Demonstrate Excellence [26,27]	Low Strategic Priority [27,31,32]
	Internal Silos [33]
	Lack of Skilled, Interdisciplinary, and Diverse Workforce [34]

Reliability Emphasis Quote

"The extreme importance placed on uptime, reliability, and equipment redundancy results in data center staff being particularly averse to implementing new energy efficiency technologies or upgrades to their facilities. As one interview participant described, "No IT people get fired for not saving money, but they can get fired if their systems go down."

[30] Howard, A. J., & Holmes, J. (2012). Addressing Data Center Efficiency: Lessons Learned from Process Evaluations of Utility Energy Efficiency Programs. *Energy Efficiency*, 5(1), 137–48. https://doi.org/10.1007/s12053-011-9128-4.

Behavioral Drivers and Barriers

Drivers	Barriers
Ideology [32]	Low EE Salience in IT Staff [38,39]
Social Pressure [35,36]	Technical Risk Aversion [40,41]
Expertise and Individual Capacity [37,33]	Lack of Knowledge, Bounded Rationality
	Time Discounting [27]

Salience Quotes

"An important stream of information about what is new and upcoming in the industry technology comes from our vendor partners and OEMs."

"I have a bookcase of magazines I don't have time to read."

"Participants also cautioned that while information about facility energy efficiency is usually reliable, data about the performance and energy use of IT equipment is 'kind of worthless' [since data centers are individualized facilities]."

[38] Klemick, H., Kopits, E., & Wolverton, A. (2019). How Do Data Centers Make Energy Efficiency Investment Decisions? Qualitative Evidence from Focus Groups and Interviews. *Energy Efficiency*, 12(5), 1359-1377. https://doi.org/10.1007/s12053-019-09782-2.

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Proposed Solutions for Overcoming Organizational and Behavioral Barriers



Organizational Solutions and Resources

Barrier	Interventions	Goals
Lack of EE Champion	 Identify change agents and IT-related change management [33] 	 Change managers should possess a wide variety of skills, including familiarity with company, business processes and technical software expertise
Emphasis on Uptime and Reliability	 Consolidate facilities and IT hardware groups under one manager [33] 	 Centralize capital expenditure decisions, leading to improvement in data center design and procurement process
Low Strategic Priority	 Communicate with stakeholders [33] Institutionalize the change within the C-suite [33] 	 An important step in any IT related change is to first assess the stakeholders involved and their likely motivations Lasting change and project success are correlated with the degree to which change management is institutionalized within the IT organization's policies and culture
Internal Silos	 Host cross-team meetings [33] Implement systems design thinking [33] 	 Improve crosscutting collaboration Think outside of the box: Identify the goal and then optimize all pieces of the system simultaneously
Lack of Skilled, Interdisciplinary, and Diverse Workforce	 Training [43] Certification and professional recognition [43] Reference best practices guides [43] 	 Increase awareness of and expertise in working with energy-efficient products, technologies, and services Provide professional credentials that have value in job market; create market differentiator for potential customers

Behavioral Solutions and Resources

Barrier	Interventions	Goals
Low EE Salience in IT Staff	 Institutionalize the change within the C-suite [33] Certification and professional recognition [43] Reference best practices guides [43] Labeling [43] 	 Lasting change and project success are correlated with the degree to which change management is institutionalized within the IT organization's policies and culture Increase awareness of and expertise in working with energy-efficient products, technologies, and services Create customer awareness of differences in EE among targeted products
Technical Risk Aversion	 Demonstration products and customer testimonials [43] Educate other stakeholders as to how EE actions can actually bolster reliability and resiliency, and reduce O&M costs [25] Initially prioritize low risk measures [25] 	 Increase confidence in performance of products Demonstrate a multitude of benefits from the EE measure Demonstrate a proven process for implementing measures
Lack of Knowledge, Bounded Rationality	Mass advertising [43]Training [43]	 Increase awareness of products Increase awareness of and expertise in working with energy-efficient products, technologies, and services
Time Discounting	 Bulk procurement and purchases [43] Consider life-cycle cost analysis in decision-making [23] 	 Increase demand quickly and seek lower prices due to economies of scale Life-cycle cost analysis can allow for the inclusion of energy price volatility, nonenergy benefits, and product disposal

Future Research on Non-Technology Barriers to EE in Data Centers



Next Steps

• **CoE Phase II:** Interviewing data center owners and operators, vendors, academics, and other EE experts to identify (1) the prevalence of barriers identified in the literature across data center decision-makers and (2) effective policies for addressing these barriers

Areas for Future ARPA-E Collaboration:

- In parallel to technology R&D, there should be a dedicated research track to understanding the mechanisms to achieving speed and scale
- Case studies could include semi-structured interviews with data center operators regarding the non-technology obstacles they faced when implementing the new technology

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